

MME: PP-GF for structural applications Challenges and solutions

Klaus Klemm, Basell Deutschland GmbH

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MME: PP-GF for structural applications, Challenges and solutions Agenda

- Challenges for structures / structural applications
- LyondellBasell scouting initiatives (overview)
- Evaluation of different options with PP Compounds
 - (Foaming)
 - Polymers
 - Fibers
- Long term mechanical material performance
 - Impact of exposure to coolant or heat
 - Lifetime expectation due to permanent load
 - Conventional PP resins vs. Advanced Copo resins SGF / LGF
- Conclusion

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MME: PP-GF for structural applications, Challenges and solutions Challenges for structures / structural applications

Fuel / emission reduction

- weight of all cars have to be reduced
 - Plastics will replace metal, e.g. HT engineering plastics for powertrains or PPC for structures (liftgate)
 - Plastic parts with lower density shall be implemented
- (Implementation of Hybrid powertrain solutions)
- Full electric vehicles
 - New electric components (High voltage environment)
 - Lower noise level
- Recycling
- Reliability/ robustness to increase sustainability
- •



MME: PP-GF for structural applications, Challenges and solutions PPC themes and initiatives



MME: PP-GF for structural applications, Challenges and solutions Foaming (PAD activity of Dieter Langenfelder)



Impact of foaming to mechanical properties:

- Impact performance: first positive (thickness) then negative (delamination) •
- Negative effect to modulus and strength
- Positive to flexural stiffness

50000 2 5 4,5 3 5 Compact 2 mm

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MME: PP-GF for structural applications, Challenges and solutions Material evaluation – Polymers (PAD activity of Sven Nietzel)

			Reference: 30% SGF		
		Base resin	HOMO-PP (LE)	Advanced Copo	Catalloy
Property	Method	Unit	HRG 328T BLACK	EKG 2058T BLACK	DKG 2067T BLACK
Tensile modulus, 23°C	ISO 527-2/1A	MPa	6800	6700	5000
Tensile strength, 23°C	ISO 527-2/1A	MPA	95	95	52
acU, 23°C acN, 23°C/-30°C	ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA	kJ/m ²	45 9,5/7	55 11/9	60 16/9
Flowability			++	+	+
Emissions	Indic	ation	+(+)	+(+)	0
Shrinkage (transv./long.)			3/1	3/1	2/1

MME: PP-GF for structural applications, Challenges and solutions Evaluation result of different fibers (PAD activity of Mikhail Dureev)



due to substantial influence of the fiber length to the PPC property profile

- Advanced Copo
- Moplen LE"

MME: PP-GF for structural applications, Challenges and solutions Material evaluation – Fibers (PAD activity of Mikhail Dureev)

			Reference target: Modul ~ 30% SGF			
			15% CF	AC-SGF30	AC-LGF30	HF-LGF30
Property	Method	Unit	"EKU 2211T BLACK"	EKG 2058T BLACK	EKM 2216T-30 BLACK	HYM 2226T-30 BLACK
Tensile modulus, 23°C	ISO 527-2/1A	MPa	~ 6700			
Tensile strength, 23°C	ISO 527-2/1A	MPA	75	95	120	125
acU, 23°C acN, 23°C/-30°C	ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA	kJ/m ²	 7/4	55 11/9	60 22/20	60 18/20
Flowability			+	+0	0	+(+)
Emissions	indicatio	on	-	+(+)	+	++
Others			Very low density	Low creep Longer time to failure	Low creep Higher L(ifetime) R (elevant)Load	Good surface

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Material evaluation – solutions for dedicated applications

				Hostacom GF grades	
			High impact, Low warpage, Low emission IP carrier (20% LGF dryblend)	High stiffness, Low emission, Good surface Liftgates (30% LGF)	High stiffness, Long lifetime, Coolant contact AC-SGF30
Property	Method	Unit	DRM 2234T BLACK	HYM 2226T-30 BLACK	EKG 2087T BLACK
Tensile modulus, 23°C	ISO 527-2/1A	MPa	5000	6700	6700
Tensile strength, 23°C	ISO 527-2/1A	MPA	100	125	95
acU, 23°C acN, 23°C/-30°C	ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA	kJ/m ²	 15/17	60 18/20	55 11/9
Flowability	indication		+(+)	++	+
Remark			Dryblend: LGF-60 based on <i>Catalloy</i> with HF <i>Moplen</i>	Dryblend or ready to use	Grades with SGF content between 0 and 50% and different flowabilities

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Material evaluation – exposure in coolant or heat



Mechanical properties after 500 h and 1000h at 150°C (exposure to hot air)





Example / Test results:

Tensile creep test performed at **120°C** on injection molded specimen (test longitudinal to fiber direction)

Different loads applied, time measured to failure (☀) to get the acc. pairs of values

"time to failure" of a material (at certain load and certain temperature) can be described as "(expected) lifetime"

"load / lifetime" correlation can be described as "Lifetime Relevant Load" (LRL)



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lifetime test video with combined undercranking and slow motion effect.



Source: ZiehlAbegg

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Recipe characteristics			HHF-SGF30	AC-SGF30	HHF-LGF30	
Properties	Symbol	Method	Unit			
Ash (1h / 625 °C)	-	ISO 3451/1	%	31,77	30,15	30,53
Tensile test at 23 °C		ISO 527-1, 2				
one end injection						
Tensile stress at yield	σ_y		MPa	85,9	109,2	1
Tensile strain at yield	εy		%	2,1	3	1
Tensile stress at break	σB		MPa	84	108,3	124,3
Tensile strain at break	ε _B		%	2,5	3,4	2,4
Tensile modulus	Et		MPa	6398 😪	6788 욹	6711 😪
Tensile test at 23 °C		ISO 527-1, 2		52	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	70
two ends injection			1	· · · · ·		
Tensile stress at yield	σ_{y}		MPa	$\overline{\mathbf{N}}$	$\overline{}$	
Tensile strain at yield	εy		%			
Tensile stress at break	σΒ		MPa	40,6	41,2	37,4
Tensile strain at break	ε _B		%	1	1	0,8
Tensile modulus	Et		MPa	4947	4946	4896





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