

Cautionary Statement

The information in this presentation includes forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events, such as anticipated revenues, earnings, business strategies, competitive position or other aspects of our operations or operating results. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecast in such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, availability, cost and price volatility of raw materials and utilities; supply/demand balances; industry production capacities and operating rates; uncertainties associated with worldwide economies; legal, tax and environmental proceedings; cyclical nature of the chemical and refining industries; operating interruptions; current and potential governmental regulatory actions; terrorist acts; international political unrest; competitive products and pricing; technological developments; the ability to comply with the terms of our credit facilities and other financing arrangements; the ability to implement business strategies; and other factors affecting our business generally as set forth in the "Risk Factors" section of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, which can be found at www.lyondellbasell.com on the Investor Relations page and on the Securities and Exchange Commission's website at www.sec.gov.

This presentation contains time sensitive information that is accurate only as of the date hereof. Information contained in this presentation is unaudited and is subject to change. We undertake no obligation to update the information presented herein except as required by law.

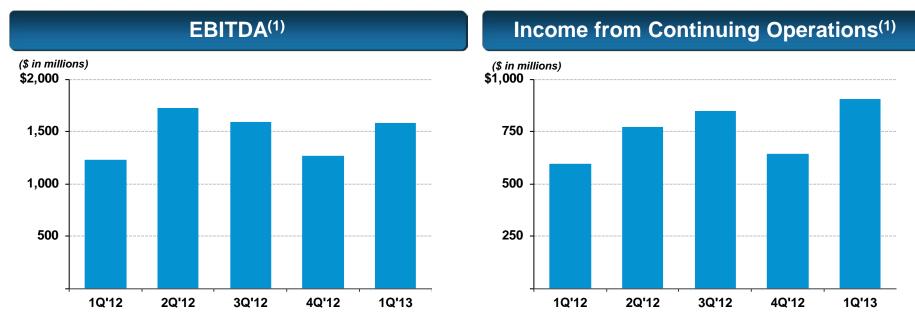
Information Related to Financial Measures

We have included EBITDA in this presentation, which is a non-GAAP measure, as we believe that EBITDA is a measure commonly used by investors. However, EBITDA, as presented herein, may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure reported by other companies due to differences in the way the measure is calculated. For purposes of this presentation, EBITDA means income from continuing operations plus interest expense (net), provision for (benefit from) income taxes, and depreciation & amortization. EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to profit or operating profit for any period as an indicator of our performance, or as an alternative to operating cash flows as a measure of our liquidity. See Table 9 at the end of the slides for reconciliations of EBITDA to net income.

While we also believe that free cash flow (FCF) is a measure commonly used by investors, free cash flow, as presented herein, may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure reported by other companies due to differences in the way the measure is calculated. For purposes of this presentation, free cash flow means net cash provided by operating activities minus capital expenditures.

LYB Highlights

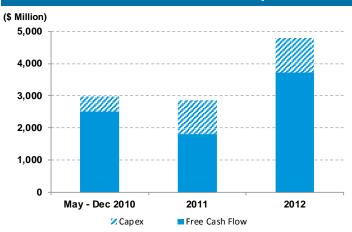
| (\$ in millions, except per share data) | LTM March 2013 | FY 2012 | FY 2011 | |
|--|----------------|---------|---------|--|
| EBITDA | \$6,166 | \$5,808 | \$5,469 | |
| Income from Continuing Operations | \$3,170 | \$2,858 | \$2,472 | |
| Diluted Earnings (\$ / share) from Continuing Operations | \$5.49 | \$4.96 | \$4.32 | |



(1) EBITDA and income from continuing operations include a lower of cost or market adjustment of \$71 million in the second quarter 2012 which was reversed in the third quarter 2012, due to a recovery in market prices.

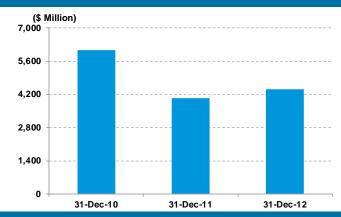
Free Cash Flow Funds Growth and Return to Investors

Net Cash from Operations



- 2012 total Dividend Yield⁽¹⁾ ~ 7%
- ~ \$7 Billion of Combined Net Debt Repayment and Dividends⁽²⁾ From May 2010 through December 2012

Total Debt



Dividends⁽²⁾



⁽¹⁾ Dividend Yield data means the total 2012 dividends divided by the company market capitalization. The market cap is calculated based on Dec 31, 2012 closing stock price of \$57.09 per share and approximately 575 million outstanding shares.

Dividends include interim and special dividends.

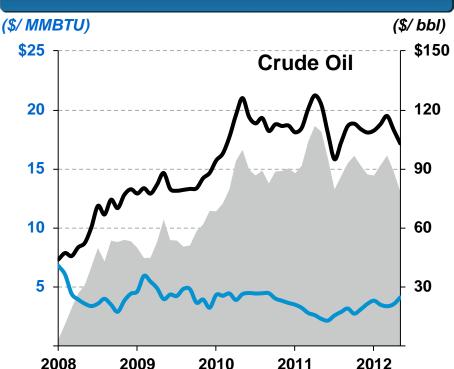
Optimizing Our Businesses

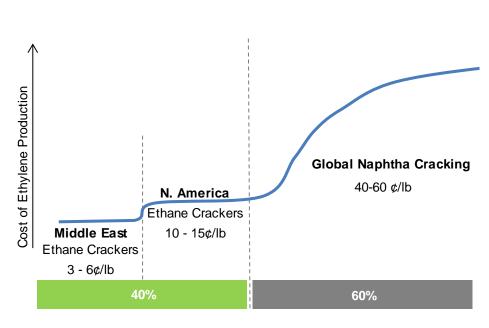
| <u>Segment</u> | LYB Market Position | Portfolio Role |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------|
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas | NGL advantageCyclical upside | Invest |
| Olefins & Polyolefins – EAI | Commodities – naphtha based, with cyclical upside Differentiated positions in Catalloy, PP compounding, and JVs | Restructure |
| Intermediates & Derivatives (I&D) | Proprietary technologiesNatural gas advantage | Invest |
| Refining | Large, heavy crude refinery | Sustain |
| Technology | Strong technology positionMaintain leadership | Optimize |

Highly Advantaged Position in N. America

U.S. Crude Oil vs. Natural Gas Price

Ethylene Production Cost Curve

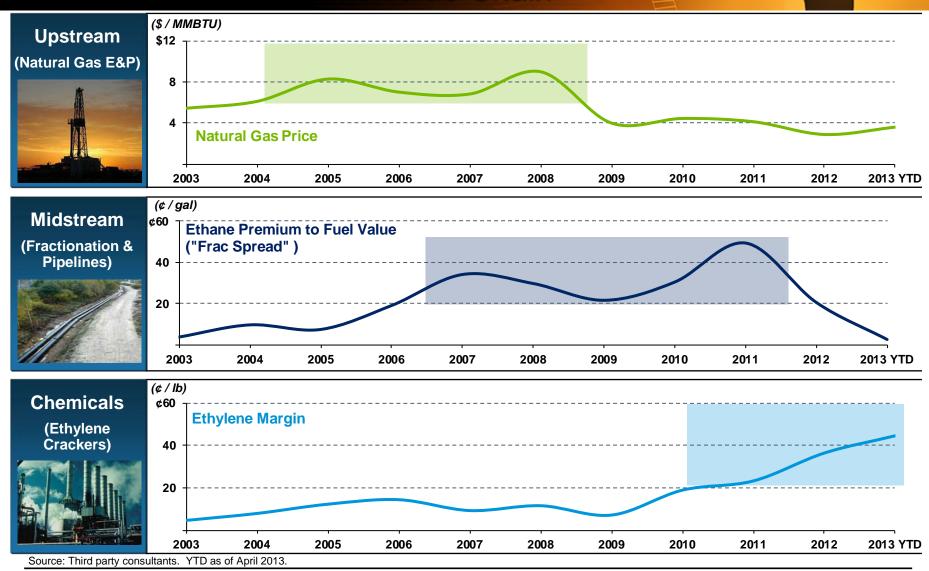




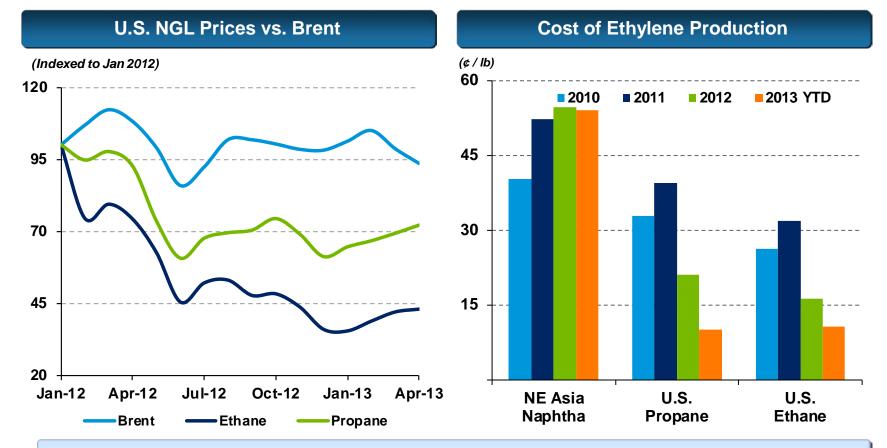
U.S. shale gas revolution significant driver of profitability in North American Olefins and Polyolefins and Intermediate and Derivatives business units

Sources: LYB estimates, third party consultants.

Evolution of Shale Gas Value Chain



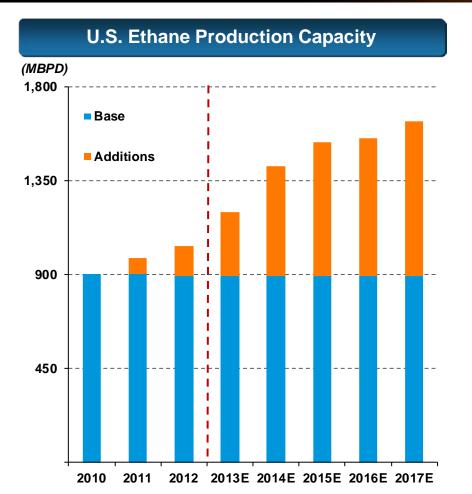
Fundamentals of Natural Gas / NGLs Defined Our Competitive Advantage



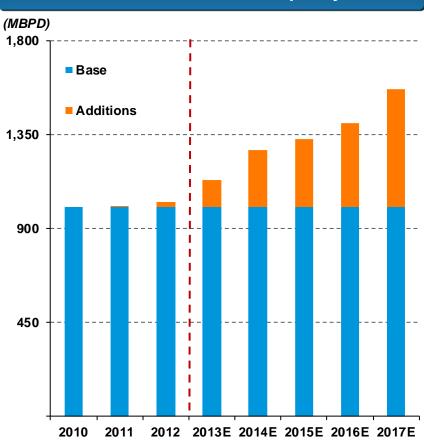
- U.S. NGL advantage has grown steadily
- Cost of ethylene production from naphtha has been high but stable
- LYB has increased NGL cracking capability from ~70% in 2010 to 87% in early 2013

Source: Third party consultants. YTD as of April 2013.

Ethane Fractionation and Consumption Capacity



U.S. Ethane Demand Capacity

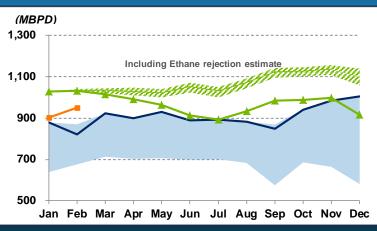


Ethane production is expected to continue exceeding demand

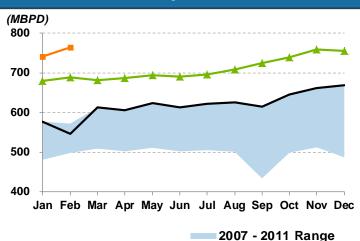
Sources: EIA, EnVantage and LYB estimates.

Production and Inventories Remain at Record Levels

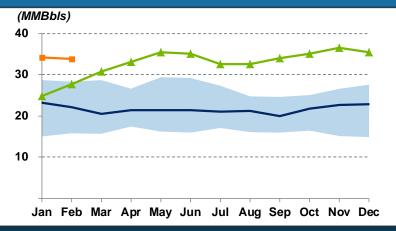
Historical Ethane Production



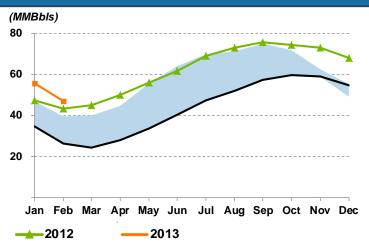
Historical Propane Production



Historical Ethane Inventory



Historical Propane Inventory

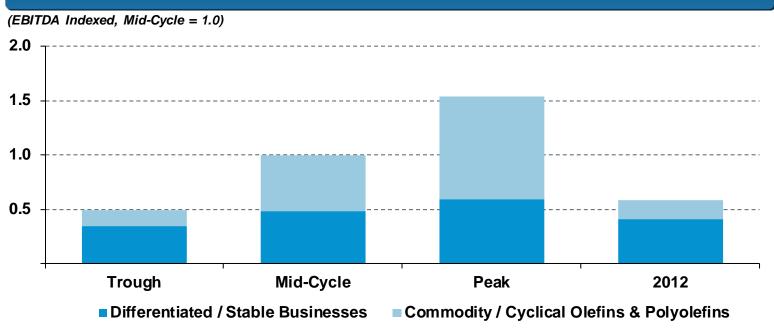


2011

Sources: EIA and LYB estimates.

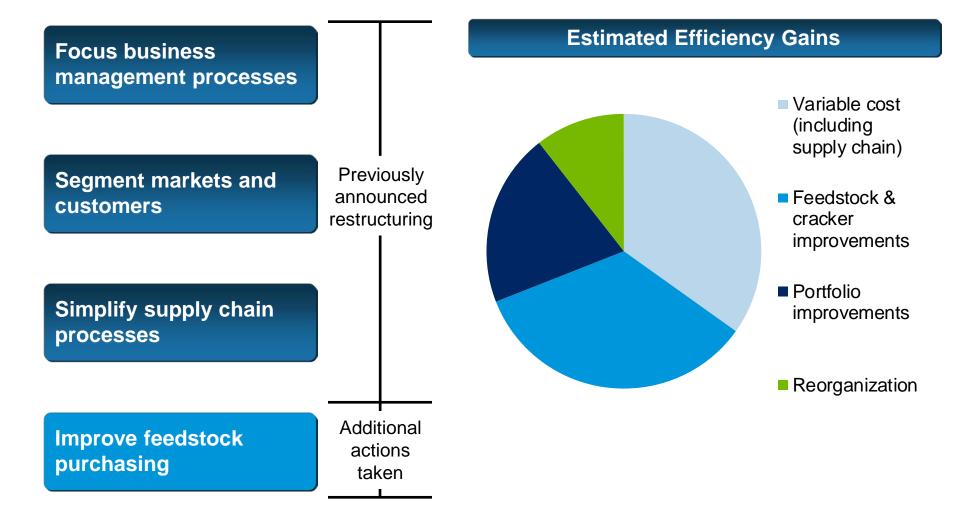
O&P – EAI: Our Recent Profits are Mostly from Our Differentiated Position

Indexed O&P EAI EBITDA Scenarios



- O&P EAI portfolio is more than European olefins and commodity polyolefins
 - Global polypropylene compounds
 - Middle East and Asian JVs
 - Premium grades of polyolefins (Catalloy, Polybutene-1)
- Differentiated products typically represents \$350 \$550 million per year over the cycle

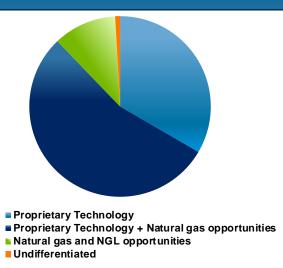
O&P – EAI: Significant Progress Through Restructuring and Improved Operations



I&D: Businesses Generate Strong and Stable Cash Flow

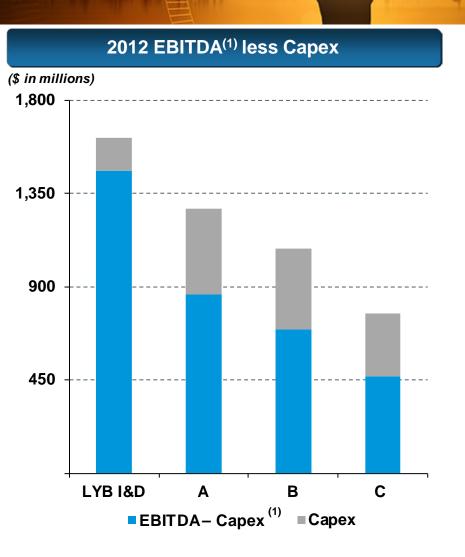
| | РО | C4's / Oxyfuels | Acetyls | EO & Derivatives |
|--|----------|--------------------|---------|---------------------|
| Proprietary Technology | √ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Advantaged NGL / Crude Oil Price Ratio | | √ | ✓ | ✓ |

2012 Intermediates & Derivatives EBITDA



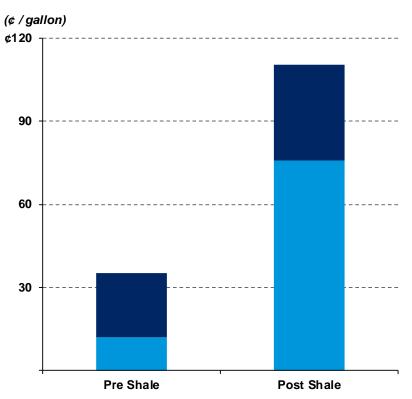
Note: LYB peers include Eastman, Huntsman and Celanese.

1) For purposes of peer comparison, EBITDA = operating income + D&A.



I&D Benefits from Shale Gas Development

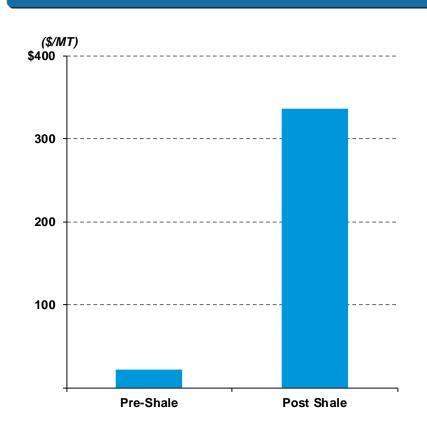
MTBE Spread Factors

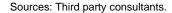


■ MTBE - Gasoline

■ Gasoline - Raw Materials (Butane and Methanol)

Methanol Cash Margins





I&D: Our Path to Growth

Methanol Restart

Location: Channelview, TX

Start-up: Q4'13

Cost: \$150 Million

Potential Growth Value⁽¹⁾: \$250 Million/yr

 Project Status: permitted, construction underway

Product Marketing: complete

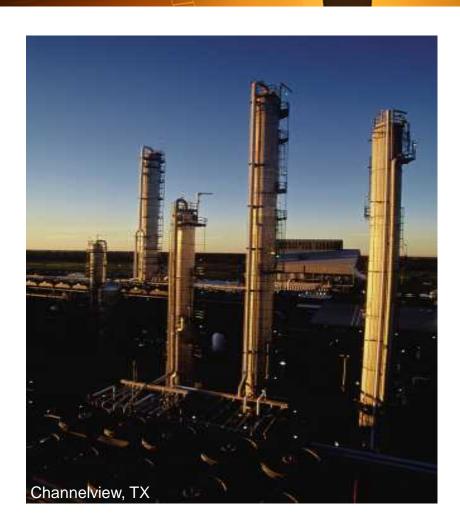
PO/TBA Sinopec JV

Location: China

Start-up: 2016

Potential JV Dividends: \$70 - \$90 Million/yr

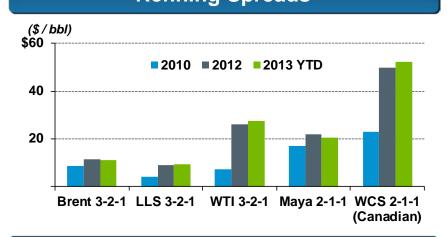
 Project Status: signed "Memorandum of Understanding"



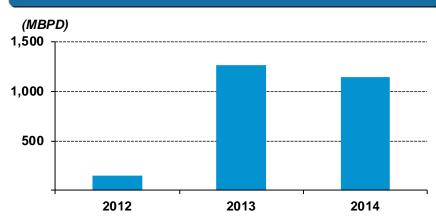
(1) Potential growth value is based on 2012 margins; see Appendix A

Refining: Profitability Driven by Geography and Complexity

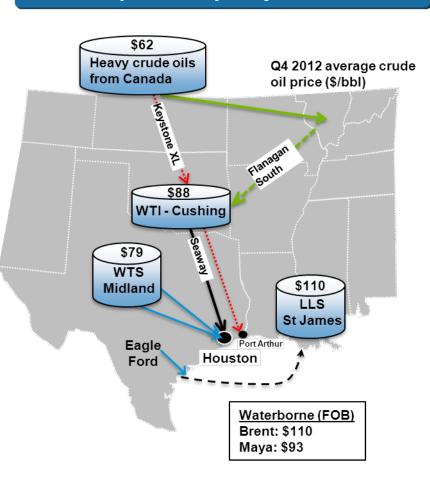
Refining Spreads



Pipeline Capacity Increase



New Pipeline Capacity to Houston



Bloomberg and Wall Street research. 2013 YTD as of April 2013.

Notes: Maya 2-1-1 based on LLS pricing. WCS refers to west Canadian select vs. Gulf Coast products.

Cash Deployment Hierarchy

| | | Current Status | Comments |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Base Capex | \$700 - \$800 million/yr ~\$260 million/yr | First priorities for cash |
| Foundation | Interest | | |
| | Interim Dividend | ~\$920 million per year | Fund through the cycle with cash flow from operations |
| | Growth Capex | ~\$750 million per year over next 2 years | High-return in advantaged businesses |
| Discretionary Opportunities | Special Dividends / Share Repurchases / Acquisitions | Balance of cash generated | Discretionary cash returned to shareholders M&A if strategic and meaningfully accretive |

Growth and Operational Improvement Programs

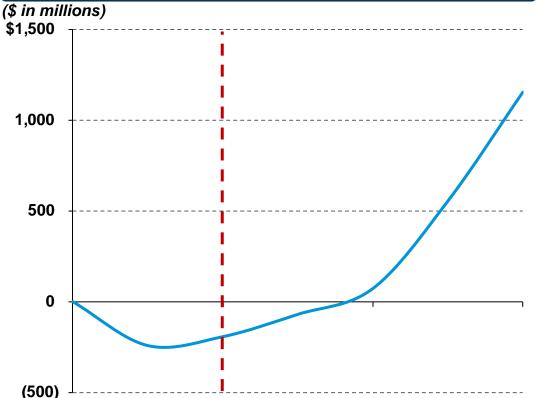


At 2012 conditions, our growth and improvement programs are expected to generate an additional \$1.5 – 2.0 billion pre-tax earnings per year by 2016

⁽¹⁾ Costs are based on company estimates and earnings values are based on 2012 industry benchmark margins; see Appendix A.

Importance of Capital Project Selection





2012

Fast Execution & High Returns

 Announced projects expected to be on line by 2016

 \$1.6 billion of announced growth capital expenditures from 2013 to 2016

 Over \$1.5 billion per year of additional EBITDA at 2012 margins by 2017

Capital project portfolio selected for optimum use of cash to maximize returns

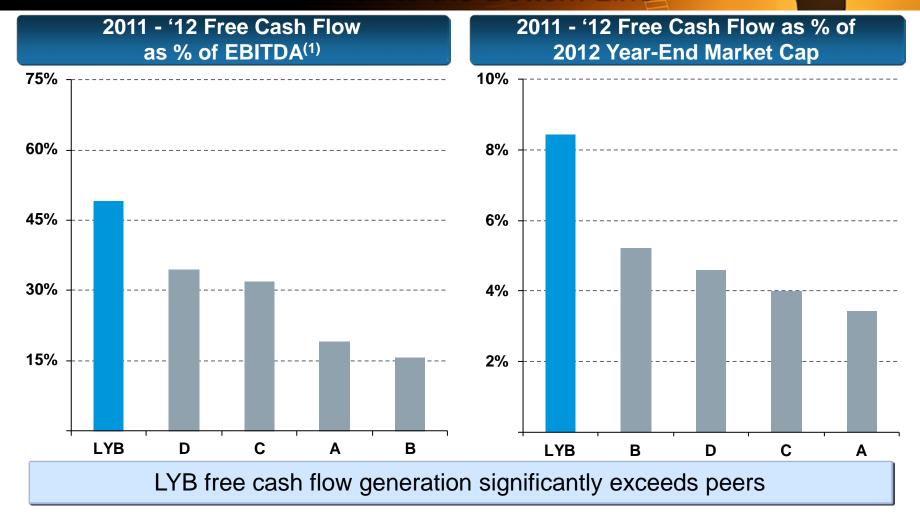
2016E

(1) EBITDA estimates assume 2012 benchmark margins for future periods. Cash flow defined as EBITDA less depreciation, cash taxes and capital expenditures.

2014E

2010

LYB Delivers More Cash to the Bottom Line



Source: Based on company filings and Capital IQ.

Notes: Peers are Celanese, Dow, Eastman and Huntsman. Free cash flow = cash from operations - capital expenditures.

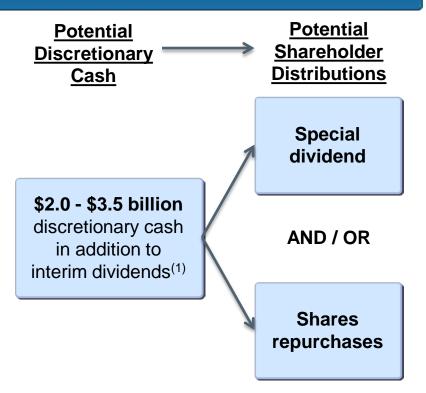
(1) For purposes of peer comparison, EBITDA = operating income + D&A.

Value from Both Growth and Cash Distributions

Growth Projects Value Potential



Annual Discretionary Cash Potential



Significant potential shareholder return from both growth investments and discretionary cash distributions

(1) Assuming growth projects potential value at constant 2012 margins.





| Table 8 - Reconciliation of Segment Information to Consolidated Financial Information |
|---|
|---|

| | | 2012 | | | | 2013 | | | |
|--|--------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| (Millions of U.S. dollars) | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | Q1 | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas | \$ 3,349 | \$ 3,283 | \$ 3,217 | \$ 3,085 | \$ 12,934 | \$ 3,244 | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Europe, Asia, International | 3,898 | 3,575 | 3,448 | 3,600 | 14,521 | 3,800 | | | |
| Intermediates & Derivatives | 2,485 | 2,285 | 2,637 | 2,251 | 9,658 | 2,282 | | | |
| Refining | 3,203 | 3,496 | 3,272 | 3,320 | 13,291 | 2,468 | | | |
| Technology | 119 | 115 | 124 | 140 | 498 | 134 | | | |
| Other | (1,320) | (1,506) | (1,425) | (1,299) | (5,550) | (1,259) | | | |
| Continuing Operations | \$ 11,734 | \$ 11,248 | \$ 11,273 | \$ 11,097 | \$ 45,352 | \$ 10,669 | | | |
| Operating income (loss): | | | | | | | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas | \$ 519 | \$ 700 | \$ 738 | \$ 693 | \$ 2,650 | \$ 821 | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Europe, Asia, International | 3 | 203 | 15 | (94) | 127 | 93 | | | |
| Intermediates & Derivatives | 370 | 390 | 424 | 246 | 1,430 | 323 | | | |
| Refining | 10 | 124 | 114 | 86 | 334 | (17) | | | |
| Technology | 38 | 30 | 31 | 23 | 122 | 50 | | | |
| Other | | 2 | 6 | 5 | 13 | (3) | | | |
| Continuing Operations | \$ 940 | \$ 1,449 | \$ 1,328 | \$ 959 | \$ 4,676 | \$ 1,267 | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization: | | | | | | | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas | \$ 65 | \$ 71 | \$ 69 | \$ 76 | \$ 281 | \$ 75 | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Europe, Asia, International | 69 | 69 | 63 | 84 | 285 | 77 | | | |
| Intermediates & Derivatives | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 194 | 48 | | | |
| Refining | 38 | 37 | 36 18 | 37 18 | 148 73 | 36 17 | | | |
| Technology Other | 18 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 73 | 17 | | | |
| Continuing Operations | \$ 237 | \$ 244 | \$ 236 | \$ 266 | \$ 983 | \$ 253 | | | |
| EBITDA: (a) | ψ 231 | y 244 | \$ 230 | φ 200 | ψ 303 | Ψ 255 | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas | \$ 595 | \$ 781 | \$ 814 | \$ 778 | \$ 2,968 | \$ 898 | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Ariencas Olefins & Polyolefins - Europe, Asia, International | φ 595 115 | 305 | 102 | φ 776 26 | φ 2,900 548 | 225 | | | |
| Intermediates & Derivatives | 417 | 432 | 475 | 297 | 1,621 | 373 | | | |
| Refining | 48 | 160 | 150 | 123 | 481 | 20 | | | |
| Technology | 56 | 50 | 49 | 42 | 197 | 66 | | | |
| Other | (4) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (7) | 3 | | | |
| Continuing Operations | \$ 1,227 | \$ 1,727 | \$ 1,589 | \$ 1,265 | \$ 5,808 | \$ 1,585 | | | |
| Capital, turnarounds and IT deferred spending: | | = <u></u> | | | | | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas | \$ 102 | \$ 135 | \$ 126 | \$ 105 | \$ 468 | \$ 122 | | | |
| Olefins & Polyolefins - Europe, Asia, International | 60 | Ψ 133 39 | 60 | Ψ 105 95 | 254 | 63 | | | |
| Intermediates & Derivatives | 18 | 24 | 44 | 73 | 159 | 106 | | | |
| Refining | 38 | 27 | 24 | 47 | 136 | 93 | | | |
| Technology | 9 | 8 | 12 | 14 | 43 | 7 | | | |
| Other | 2 | 3 | 1 | (1) | 5 | | | | |
| Total | 229 | 236 | 267 | 333 | 1,065 | 391 | | | |
| Deferred charges included above | (1) | (3) | (1) | | (5) | | | | |
| Continuing Operations | \$ 228 | \$ 233 | \$ 266 | \$ 333 | \$ 1,060 | \$ 391 | | | |
| | | = | | | | | | | |

⁽a) See Table 9 for EBITDA calculation.

Reconciliation of EBITDA to Income from Continuing operations

Table 9 - EBITDA Calculation

| | | 2012 | | | | | | 2013 | | | | |
|--|----|-------|-------|-------|----|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|----|-------|
| (Millions of U.S. dollars) | Q1 | | Q1 Q2 | | Q3 | | 3 Q4 | | Total | | | Q1 |
| Net income attributable to the Company shareholders | \$ | 600 | \$ | 770 | \$ | 846 | \$ | 632 | \$ | 2,848 | \$ | 901 |
| Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests | | (1) | | (2) | | (2) | | (9) | | (14) | | (1) |
| (Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | | (5) | | | | 7 | | 22 | | 24 | | 6 |
| Income from continuing operations | | 594 | | 768 | | 851 | - | 645 | | 2,858 | | 906 |
| Provision for income taxes | | 301 | | 306 | | 435 | | 285 | | 1,327 | | 357 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 237 | | 244 | | 236 | | 266 | | 983 | | 253 |
| Interest expense, net | | 95 | | 409 | | 67 | | 69 | | 640 | | 69 |
| EBITDA | \$ | 1,227 | \$ | 1,727 | \$ | 1,589 | \$ | 1,265 | \$ | 5,808 | \$ | 1,585 |

2011 EBITDA Reconciliation to Income from Continuing operations



EBITDA Calculation - 2011

| | 2011 | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|------|-----------|-------|----|-------|----|-------|--|
| (Millions of U.S. dollars) | Q1 | | Q2 | Q3 | | Q4 | | Total | |
| Net income (loss) attributable to the Company shareholder | \$ 6 | 63 5 | \$ 804 \$ | 895 | \$ | (215) | \$ | 2,147 | |
| Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests | | (3) | (1) | - | | (3) | | (7) | |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | | 22 | 48 | 17 | | 245 | | 332 | |
| Income from continuing operations | 6 | 32 | 851 | 912 | | 27 | | 2,472 | |
| Provision for (benefit from) income taxes | 2 | 63 | 388 | 506 | | (98) | | 1,059 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2 | 15 | 224 | 237 | | 255 | | 931 | |
| Interest expense, net | 1 | 56 | 163 | 146 | | 542 | | 1,007 | |
| EBITDA | <u>\$ 1,3</u> | 16 | 1,626 \$ | 1,801 | \$ | 726 | \$ | 5,469 | |
| | · | | | | | | | | |

Future Operational and Financial Improvements

Further O&P – EAI Restructuring

Further Houston Refinery Flexibility

Further structural and product mix improvements

Expand operating window / increase feedstock capacity for lighter Canadian crude oil

To be completed by 2015

To be completed by 2014

Future improvements are expected to yield an additional \$250 - \$400 million per year by 2015⁽¹⁾

(1) Costs are based on company estimates and values are based on 2012 industry benchmark margins; see Appendix A.

Previously Announced High-Return Growth Opportunities



Olefins Ethane Capability

Methanol Restart

O&P EAI Butadiene Expansion

Midwest Debottlenecks

PO/TBA JV

PP Compounding Growth

Other Quick-Return Projects

Remaining Projected Spending

\$600 - \$700 million

Additional Potential Pre-Tax Earnings

\$800 - \$1,000 million per year by 2016⁽¹⁾

Previously announced projects are on track

- \$600 \$700 million of capital remaining to be spent in the near-future
- \$800 \$1,000 million of additional annual pre-tax earnings by 2016

(1) Costs are based on company estimates and values are based on 2012 industry benchmark margins; see Appendix A.

New Growth Opportunities

Channelview Expansion

Corpus Christi Expansion

Olefins NGL Recovery

PE Debottleneck

Potential New PE Line

Projected Spending

\$900 - \$1,000 million

Potential Pre-Tax Earnings

\$500 - \$600 million per year by 2016⁽¹⁾

Combined projects will have average payback period less than 2 years

(1) Costs are based on company estimates and values are based on 2012 industry benchmark margins; see Appendix A.

Appendix A

Details of Assumptions:

O&P - Americas:

 Growth projects potential values are based on LYB growth projects capacities and 2012 industry benchmark margins data from third party consultants as indicated in the 2013 Investor Day O&P Americas slides.

O&P - EAI:

- Growth projects potential values are based on LYB growth projects capacities and 2012 industry benchmark margins data from third party consultants as indicated in the 2013 Investor Day O&P EAI slides.
- Improvements are based on company estimates of restructuring costs and benefits.

• I&D:

 Growth projects potential values are based on LYB growth projects capacities and 2012 industry benchmark margins data from third party consultants as indicated in the 2013 Investor Day I&D slides.

Refining:

Improvements potential values are based on data indicated in the 2013 Investor Day Refining slides.

The illustrative results or returns of growth projects are not in any way intended to be, nor should they be taken as, indicators or guarantees of performance. The assumptions on which they are based are not projections and do not necessarily represent the Company's expectations and future performance. You should not rely on illustrated results or returns or these assumptions as being indicative of our future results or returns.