Barclays Americas Select Franchise Conference

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Sr. V.P. Olefins & Polyolefins Europe, Asia, International and Technology May 16, 2012

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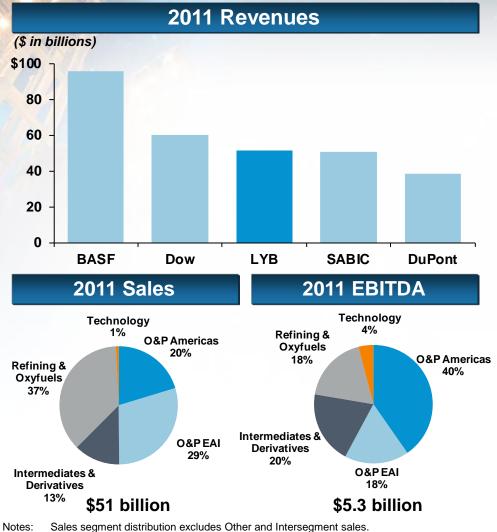
Cautionary Statement

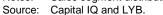
- The information in this presentation includes forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events, such as anticipated revenues, earnings, business strategies, competitive position or other aspects of our operations or operating results. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecast in such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, availability, cost and price volatility of raw materials and utilities; supply/demand balances; industry production capacities and operating rates; uncertainties associated with worldwide economies; legal, tax and environmental proceedings; cyclical nature of the chemical and refining industries; operating interruptions; current and potential governmental regulatory actions; terrorist acts; international political unrest; competitive products and pricing; technological developments; the ability to comply with the terms of our credit facilities and other financing arrangements; the ability to implement business strategies; and other factors affecting our business generally as set forth in the "Risk Factors" section of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, which can be found at www.lyondellbasell.com on the Investor Relations page and on the Securities and Exchange Commission's website at www.sec.gov.
- This presentation contains time sensitive information that is accurate only as of the date hereof. Information contained in this presentation is unaudited and is subject to change. We undertake no obligation to update the information presented herein except as required by law.

Information Related to Financial Measures

- We have included EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA in this presentation, which are non-GAAP measures. However, EBITDA, as presented herein, may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure reported by other companies due to differences in the way the measure is calculated. For purposes of this presentation, EBITDA for predecessor periods (prior to May 1, 2010) means earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and restructuring costs, as adjusted for other items management does not believe are indicative of the Company's underlying results of operations such as impairment charges, reorganization items, the effect of mark-to-market accounting on our warrants and current cost inventory adjustments. EBITDA for successor periods (on or after May 1, 2010) means earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as adjusted for the same items, to the extent applicable in the successor periods. EBITDA also includes dividends from joint ventures. EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to profit or operating profit for any period as an indicator of our performance, or as an alternative to operating cash flows as a measure of our liquidity. See slides at the end of this presentation for reconciliations of EBITDA to net income.
- In our predecessor period, we utilized a combination of First In-First Out and Last In-First Out inventory methods for financial reporting. For purposes of evaluating segment results, management reviewed operating results using current cost, which approximates LIFO. As supplementary information, and for our segment reporting, we also provide EBITDA information on a current cost basis for predecessor periods. In our successor periods, we have utilized the LIFO inventory methodology and EBITDA information for periods after our emergence is on a LIFO basis.

World-Class Scale With Leading Market Positions





Channelview, Texas

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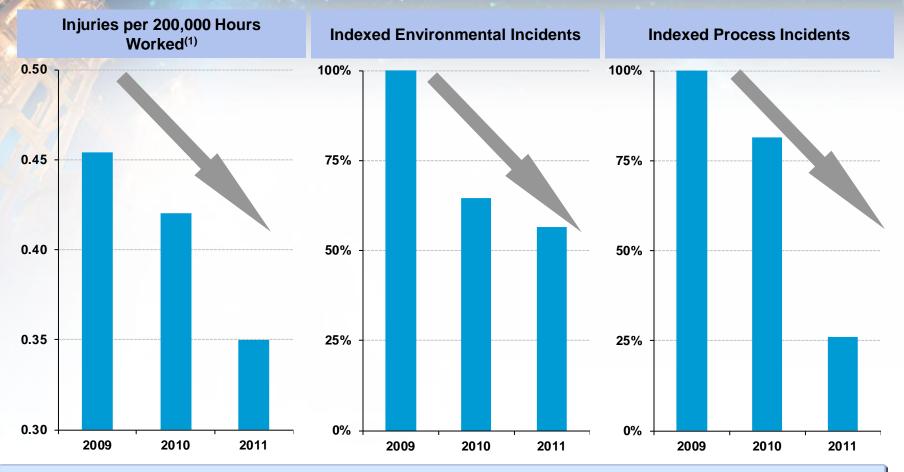
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Success Driven by Actions, Assets, and Geography

	EBITDA Growth Drivers	\$5.3 billion
\$2.2 billion	 Improving market conditions Cost reduction Operational improvement Asset restructuring Gap closure plans U.S. feedstock advantage Heavy crude advantage Differentiated products Joint venture improvements 	
2009 EBITDA		2011 EBITDA

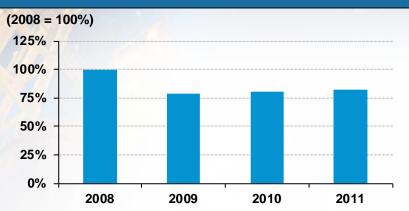
Health, Safety and Environmental Performance



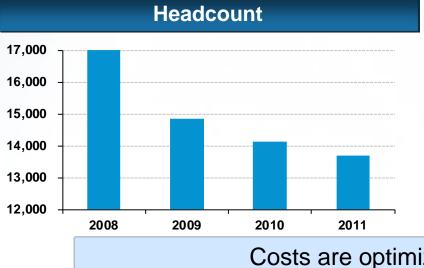
2011 was a record year for health, safety and environmental performance
Good EH&S results typically align with low cost and high reliability

(1) Includes employees and contractors.

Cost and Headcount Managed Aggressively



Indexed Cash Fixed Costs



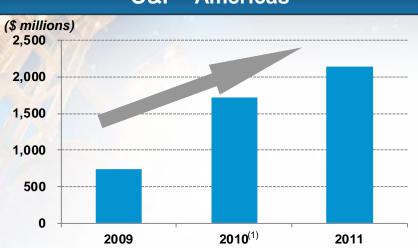
 Maintained cash fixed costs at 2009 level

 Efficiency improvements leading to lower headcount

 EAI and global finance group restructuring

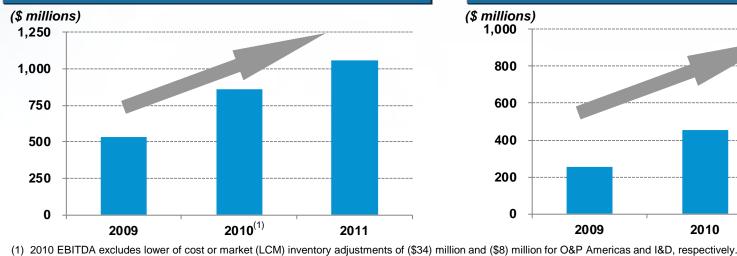
Costs are optimized and controlled

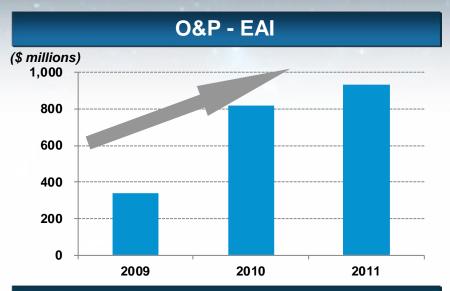
Our Key Segments Have All Performed Well



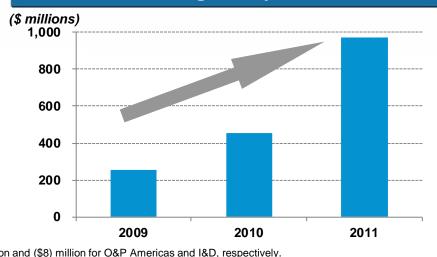
O&P - Americas

I&D





Refining & Oxyfuels

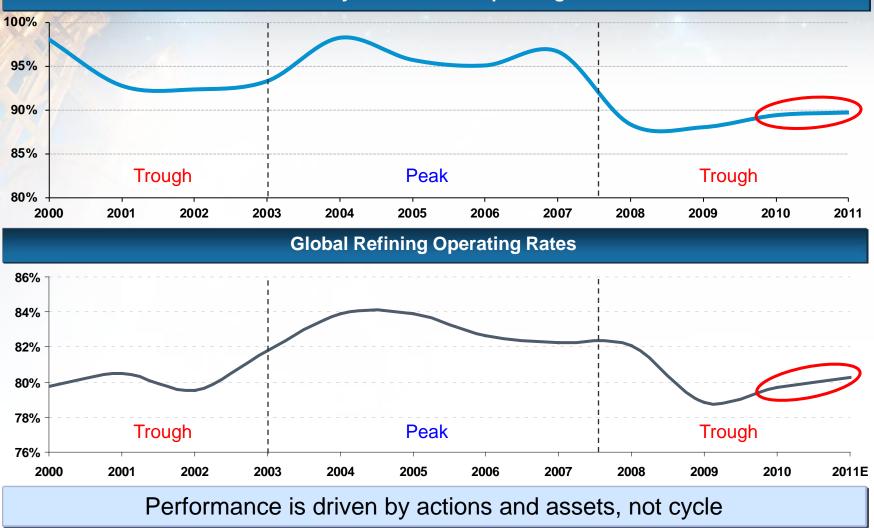


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Strong LYB Results in Global Trough

Global Ethylene Effective Operating Rates



Sources: CMAI as of 2/22/12; Purvin & Gertz.

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Key Drivers Of Business Segment Performance

Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas

Olefins & Polyolefins – EAI

Intermediates & Derivatives

Refining & Oxyfuels

Technology

U.S. natural gas / "Ethane Advantage" Cyclical upside

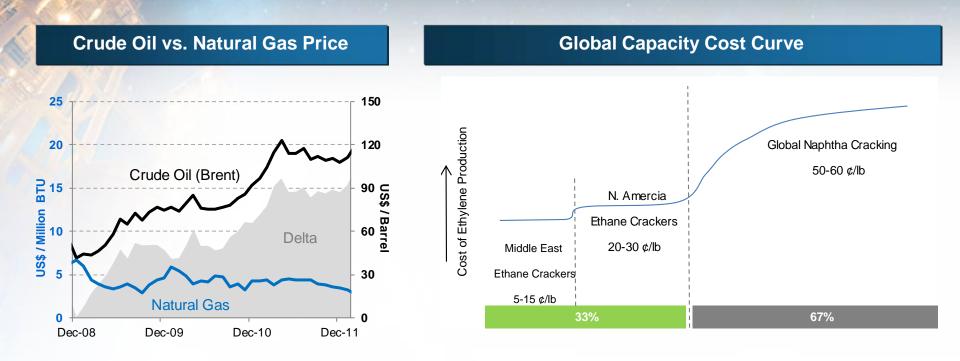
Differentiated products and JV's Restructuring Cyclical upside

Proprietary technology Global durable goods demand U.S. natural gas pricing

Maya 2-1-1 spread Cost improvements Gasoline price vs. natural gas cost

Strong catalyst sales Excellent licensing position

O&P Americas: Natural Gas vs. Crude is Currently the Dominant Factor

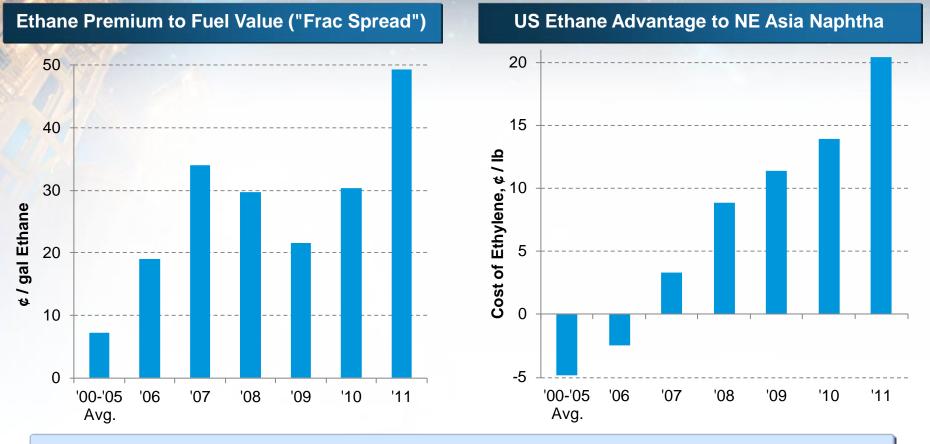


 Crude oil price increases have been as much a factor as have US natural gas price declines

Raw material factors define regional competitiveness

Source: CMAI as of February 2012.

Ethane Premiums to Natural Gas have Grown but so has the Advantage Versus Global Naphtha

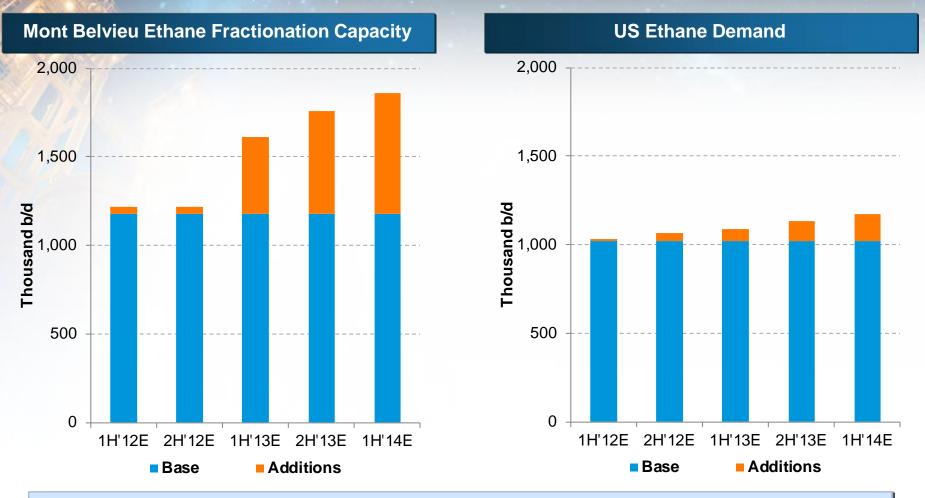


Ethane price at equivalent value to:

- US natural gas energy value: 15-20 ¢/gal
- Global naphtha economics: 115-150 ¢/gal

Source: CMAI as of 4/30/12.

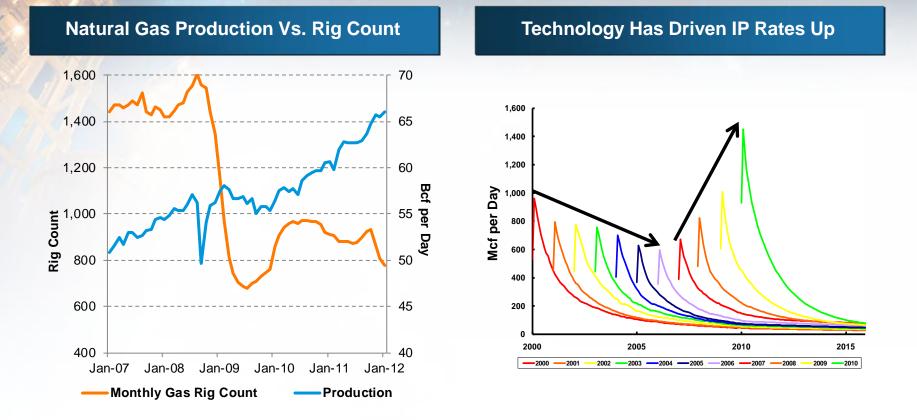
Ethane Fractionation Capacity Additions Are Forecast To Outpace Consumption Capabilities



Infrastructure projects should bring NGLs to the Gulf Coast and help ensure supply security for petrochemical growth projects

Source: EAI, Goldman Sachs, company announcements, LYB estimates.

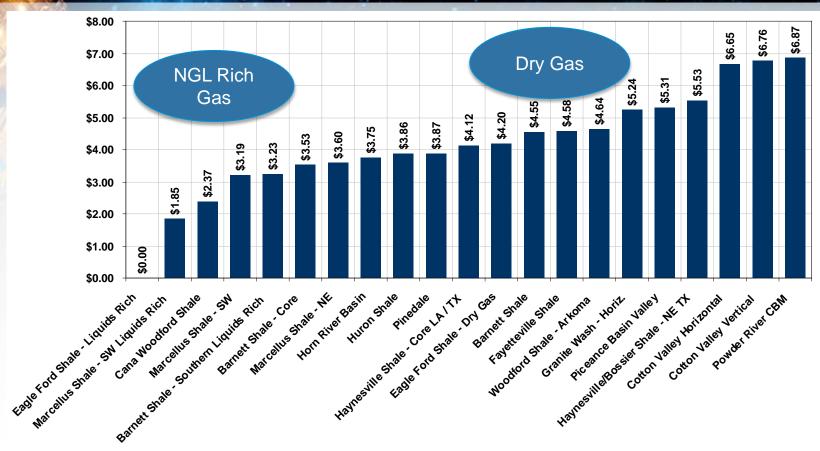
Technology Advancement Has Driven Gas Supply Up...



- Production has increased despite a reduction in rig count
- Potential for further improvements as industry moves up the experience curve

Source: EIA as of 4/12/12; Baker Hughes as of 4/27/2012; Bentek.

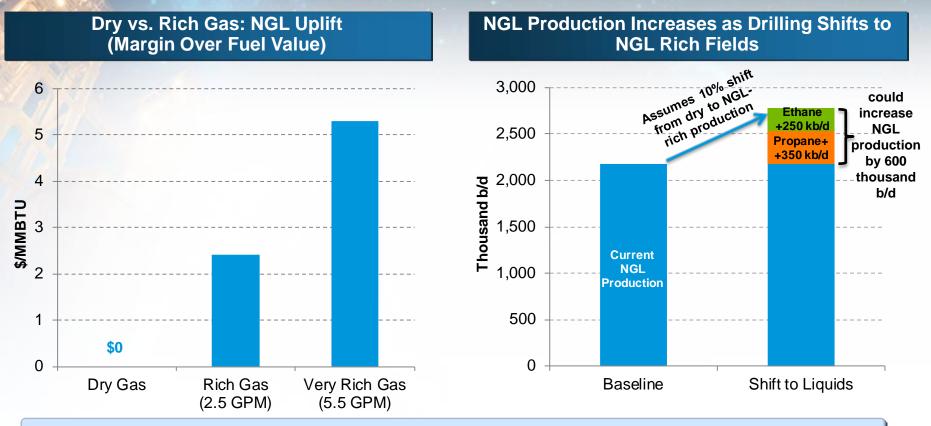
Natural Gas NYMEX Price Breakevens by Play (15% After Tax Rate of Return)



- Most fields yield an acceptable return at \$5.00-6.00/MMbtu
- Low natural gas prices drive production to NGL rich fields
- Cash operating costs for completed wells are typically below \$2.00/MMbtu

Source: Wall Street research.

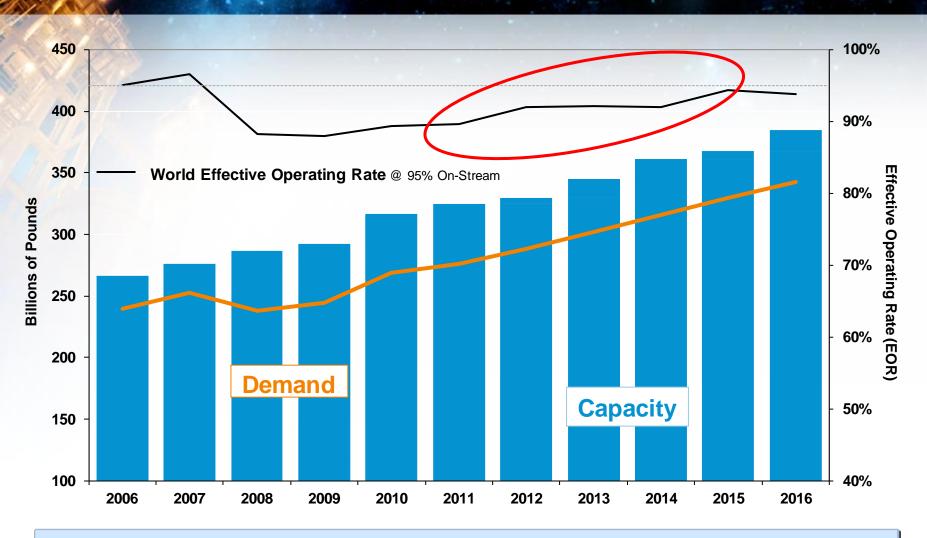
The Value of NGLs Drives Production Even at Low Natural Gas Prices



- Potential for further improvements as experience develops and majors become more significant participants
- As drilling emphasis shifts, ethane production is not being sacrificed, in fact, it can be increased

Source: CMAI, LYB.

Cyclical Upside is Also a Positive Story



Balance begins to shift in favor of producers in 2012 / 2013

Source: LYB,CMAI 2/22/12.

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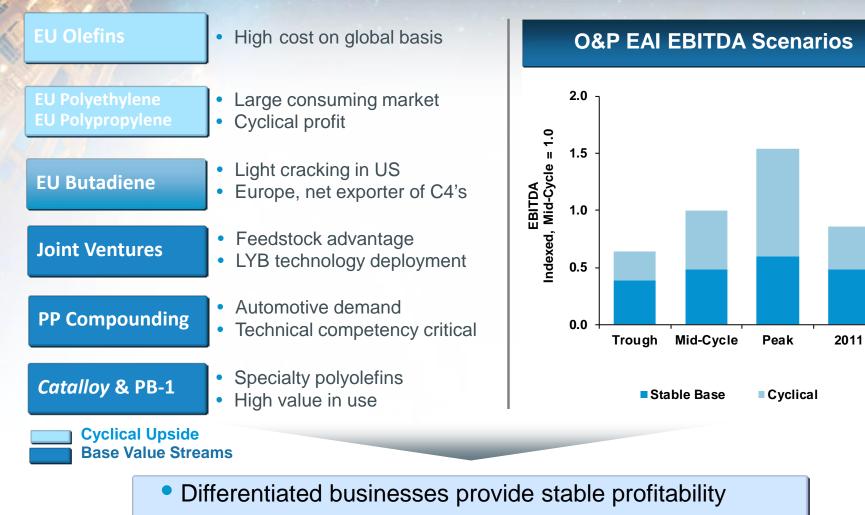
U.S. Ethylene Producers Well Positioned

View from a US ethylene producer perspective

- Geography, geology, technology are positively aligned
- Economics of crude oil and natural gas support U.S. producers
- Infrastructure investments are bringing NGLs to the market
- Supply / demand positioned for a cyclical upside
- New U.S. plants are not forecast to start-up until 2016+



O&P EAI: Earnings Drivers



Commodities provide cyclical upside

EAI Restructuring – Increasing Earnings

Focus business management processes	 Increase efficiency by moving many functions to The Netherlands Maximize value from existing assets
Segment markets and customers	 Differentiate service between specialty and commodity segments Optimize cost-to-serve
Create one sales organization	Reduce channels to marketOptimize customer coverage
Simplify supply chain processes	Simplify processesRe-balance customer service teams

Potential exists for ~\$200 million in cost savings and efficiencies



Intermediates and Derivatives: Highly Profitable Balanced Portfolio



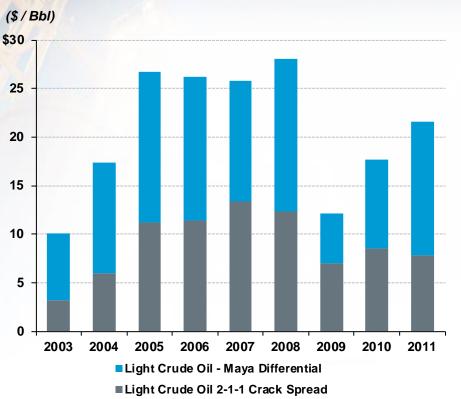
- Diverse product mix with average EBITDA profit margin of ~14%
- Propylene Oxide is a consistent segment leader in profitability
- Future benefit of \$270 \$330 million from growth / efficiency

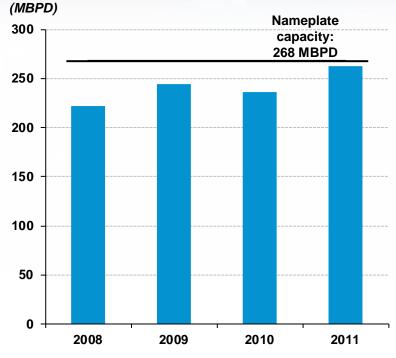
Source: Based on company estimates of propylene and propylene oxide prices. Methanol pricing based on CMAI spread between oil and gas.

Houston Refinery Benefits from Excellent Configuration

Maya 2-1-1 Crack Spread

Houston Crude Oil Processing Rates





30 MBPD rate improvement worth ~ \$125 million annually⁽¹⁾

Sources: Platts - January 2012.

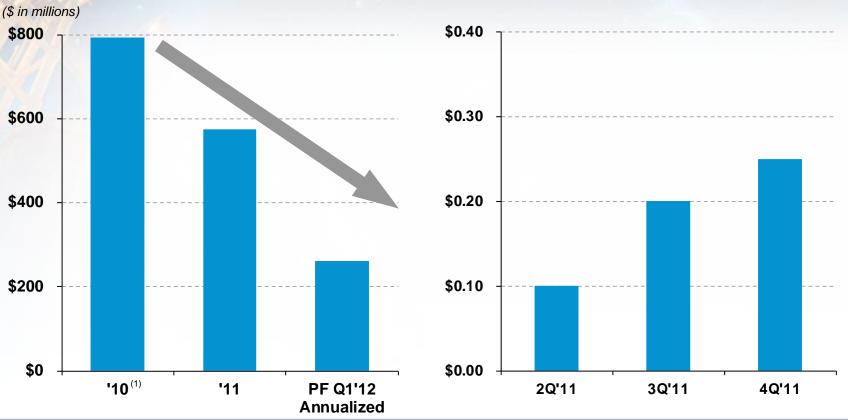
Notes: Prior to 2011, WTI is the referenced light crude oil benchmark. Beginning in 2011, LLS is the referenced light crude oil benchmark.

(1) Based on average 2011 Maya 2-1-1 crack spread and company estimates on incremental gross margin.

Returning Cash to Shareholders Through Dividends

Net Interest Expense Excluding Refinancing Premiums

LYB Regular Dividend History

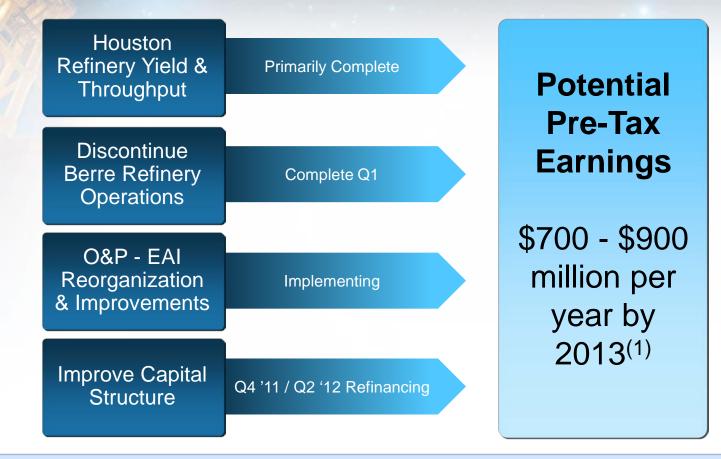


Decreasing interest expense leads to higher cash flow from operations
Growing regular dividend with a target range of 3-4% yield

Source: LyondellBasell estimates.

2010 interest is for successor period (5/1 – 12/31/2010) on an annualized basis.

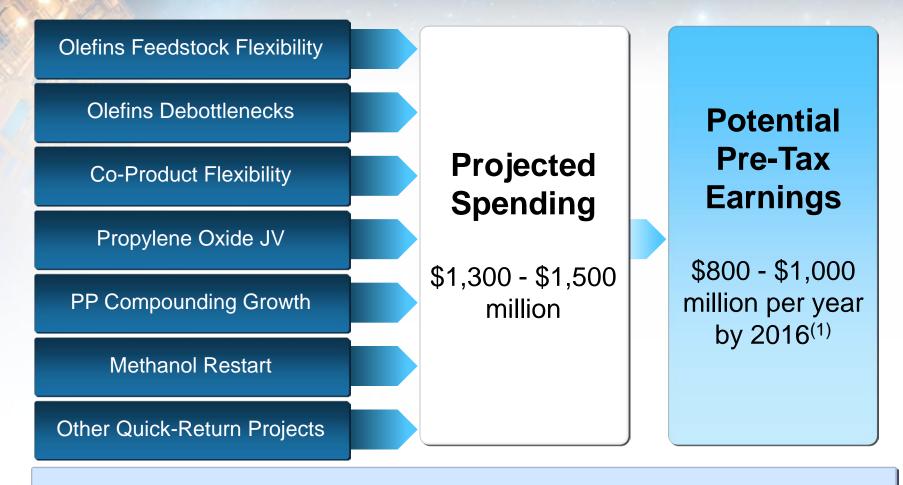
Operational and Financial Improvements



Minimal investment for high return

(1) Company estimate based on historic industry margins and costs.

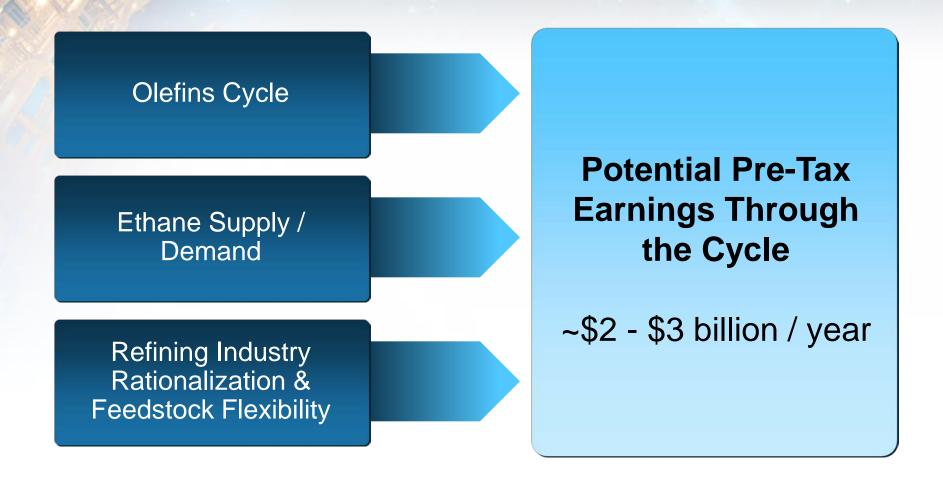
Significant High-Return Growth Opportunities



Average payback period less than 2 years

(1) Company estimate based on historic industry margins and costs.

Industry Trends Provide Further Upside







2009 Reconciliation of EBITDA to Net Income

Reconciliation of EBITDA to Net Income

	Predecessor									
(Millions of U.S. dollars)			Q2		2009 Q3		Q4		YTD	
Segment EBITDA: ^(a)		Q1		92		હર	Q.	4	TID	
-	¢	20	¢	207	¢	070	¢	244	¢	740
Olefins and Polyolefins - Americas	\$	20	\$	207	\$	272 186	\$	244 51	\$	743
Olefins and Polyolefins - Europe, Asia, International		(5)		109				÷ .		341
Intermediates and Derivatives		148		110		143		134		535
Refining and Oxyfuels		93		62		107		(7)		255
Technology		66		101		66		76		309
Other		68		(52)		9		28		53
Total EBITDA		390		537		783		526		2,236
2010 LCM inventory valuation adjustments		-		-		-		-		-
Total EBITDA excluding 2010 LCM inventory valuation adjustments		390		537		783		526		2,236
Add:										
Income (loss) from equity investment		(20)		22		(168)		(15)		(181)
Unrealized foreign exchange (loss) gain		15		98		141		(61)		193
Gain on sale of Flavors and Fragrances business		-		-		-		-		-
Deduct:										
2010 LCM inventory valuation adjustments		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation and amortization		(416)		(479)		(443)		(436)		(1,774)
Impairment charge		-		(5)		-		(12)		(17)
Reorganization items		(948)		(124)		(928)		(961)		(2,961)
Interest expense, net		(425)		(498)		(441)		(413)		(1,777)
Joint venture dividends received		(2)		(7)		(12)		(5)		(26)
(Provision for) benefit from income taxes		432		87		332		560		1,411
Fair value change in warrants		-		-		-		-		-
Current cost adjustment to inventory		(41)		18		88		(36)		29
Other		(2)		(2)		(3)		3		(4)
Net loss	((1,017)		(353)		(651)		(850)		(2,871)
Less: Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests		<u>1</u>		2		<u></u> 1		2		6
Net loss attributable to the Company	\$ ((1,016)	\$	(351)	\$	(650)	\$	(848)	\$	(2,865)

(a) Predecessor segment operating income and EBITDA were determined on a current cost basis.

2010 Reconciliation of EBITDA to Net Income

Reconciliation of EBITDA to Net Income

	Predecessor		Successor	Combined	Succe 2010	essor	Predecessor	Successor	Combined	
(Millions of U.S. dollars)	Q1	April 1 - April 30	May 1 - June 30	Q2	Q3	Q4	January 1 - May 1 - April 30 December 31			
Segment EBITDA: ^(a)										
Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas	\$ 274	\$ 216	\$ 198	\$ 414	\$ 492	\$ 505	\$ 490	\$ 1,195	\$ 1,685	
Olefins & Polyolefins - Europe,										
Asia, International	152	78	174	252	289	125	230	588	818	
Intermediates & Derivatives	196	56	128	184	243	228	252	599	851	
Refining & Oxyfuels	3	76	21	97	140	212	79	373	452	
Technology	47	14	29	43	78	44	61	151	212	
Other	(32)	8	72	80	(44)	(29)	(24)	(1)	(25)	
Total EBITDA	640	448	622	1,070	1,198	1,085	1,088	2,905	3,993	
LCM inventory valuation										
adjustments			333	333	32	(323)		42	42	
Total EBITDA excluding LCM										
inventory valuation adjustments	640	448	955	1,403	1,230	762	1,088	2,947	4,035	
Add:										
Income from equity investments	55	29	27	56	29	30	84	86	170	
Unrealized foreign										
exchange loss	(202)	(62)	(14)	(76)	(7)	(1)	(264)	(22)	(286)	
Gain on sale of Flavors and										
Fragrance business						64		64	64	
Deduct:										
LCM inventory valuation										
adjustments			(333)	(333)	(32)	323		(42)	(42)	
Depreciation and amortization	(424)	(141)	(129)	(270)	(222)	(207)	(565)	(558)	(1,123)	
Impairment charges	(3)	(6)		(6)		(28)	(9)	(28)	(37)	
Reorganization items	207	7,181	(8)	7,173	(13)	(2)	7,388	(23)	7,365	
Interest expense, net	(409)	(299)	(120)	(419)	(186)	(222)	(708)	(528)	(1,236)	
Joint venture dividends received	(13)	(5)	(28)	(33)	-	(6)	(18)	(34)	(52)	
(Provision for) benefit from										
income taxes	(12)	1,327	(28)	1,299	(254)	112	1,315	(170)	1,145	
Fair value change in warrants			17	17	(76)	(55)		(114)	(114)	
Current cost adjustment to					. ,	. ,		. ,	. ,	
inventory	184	15		15			199		199	
Other	(15)	9	8	17	(2)	(4)	(6)	2	(4)	
Net income	8	8,496	347	8,843	467	766	8,504	1,580	10,084	
Less: Net (income) loss attributable	0	0,.00	0.1	0,0.0			0,004	.,000	.0,001	
to non-controlling interests	2	58	(5)	53	7	5	60	7	67	
Net income attributable to			(3)		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
the Company	\$ 10	\$ 8,554	\$ 342	\$ 8,896	\$ 474	\$ 771	\$ 8,564	\$ 1,587	\$ 10,151	

(a) For periods prior to May 1, 2010, Predecessor segment operating income and EBITDA were determined on a current cost basis. For periods following May 1, 2010, Successor operating income and EBITDA were determined using the LIFO method of inventory accounting.

2011 Reconciliation of EBITDA to Net Income

Reconciliation of EBITDA to Net Income

	Successor2011									
(Millions of U.S. dollars)	Q1			Q2		Q3		Q4		YTD
Segment EBITDA:										
Olefins & Polyolefins - Americas	\$	484	\$	578	\$	673	\$	407	\$	2,142
Olefins & Polyolefins - Europe, Asia, International		333		275		261		62		931
Intermediates & Derivatives		270		314		297		173		1,054
Refining & Oxyfuels		210		353		519		(110)		972
Technology		91		42		45		36		214
Other		14		(9)		(7)		(32)	<u> </u>	(34)
Total EBITDA		1,402		1,553		1,788		536		5,279
Adjustments to EBITDA:										
Berre refinery closure costs		-		-		-		136		136
Sale of precious metals		-		(41)		-		-		(41)
Corporate restructurings		-		61		14		18		93
Environmental accruals		-		16		-		-		16
Settlement related to Houston refinery crane incident		-		-		-		(15)		(15)
Insurance settlement		(34)		-		-		-		(34)
Total Adjusted EBITDA		1,368		1,589		1,802		675		5,434
Add:										
Income from equity investments		58		73		52		33		216
Unrealized foreign exchange (loss) gain		(3)		4		(17)		(11)		(27)
Deduct:										
Adjustments to EBITDA		34		(36)		(14)		(139)		(155)
Depreciation and amortization		(215)		(224)		(237)		(255)		(931)
Impairment charges		(5)		(13)		(26)		(8)		(52)
Reorganization items		(2)		(28)		-		(15)		(45)
Interest expense, net		(155)		(164)		(145)		(542)		(1,006)
Joint venture dividends received		(96)		(11)		(55)		(44)		(206)
Provision for income taxes		(263)		(388)		(489)		92		(1,048)
Fair value change in warrants		(59)		6		22		(6)		(37)
Other		(2)		(5)		2		2		(3)
Net income (loss)		660		803		895		(218)		2,140
Adjustments to EBITDA		(34)		36		14		139		155
Premiums and charges on early repayment of debt		-		12		-		431		443
Reorganization items		2		28		-		15		45
Asset retirement obligation		-		-		10		-		10
Fair value change in warrants		59		(6)		(22)		6		37
Impairment charges		5		13		26		8		52
Tax impact of net income (loss) adjustments		11		(21)		(14)		(151)		(175)
Adjusted Net Income	\$	703	\$	865	\$	909	\$	230	\$	2,707
Earnings (loss) per share:										
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.15	\$	1.38	\$	1.51	\$	(0.38)	\$	3.74
Adjustments to net income (loss)		0.08		0.11	•	0.03	•	0.79	·	0.97
Adjusted diluted earnings per share	\$	1.23	\$	1.49	\$	1.54	\$	0.41	\$	4.71
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